AO 399 (12/93)

WAIVER OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

TO: William D. Belanger of Mintz Levin Cohn Ferris Glovsky and Popeo, P.C.

I acknowledge receipt of your request Cameron Int'l Corp. v. Dril-Quip, Inc.	that I waive service of a summons in the action of, which is case number <u>06 CA 728</u>
in the United States District Court for the Delaware the action, two copies of this instrument, and a you without cost to me.	District of I have also received a copy of the complaint in means by which I can return the signed waiver to
I agree to save the cost of service of a in this lawsuit by not requiring that I (or the enti judicial process in the manner provided by Rule	summons and an additional copy of the complaint ty on whose behalf I am acting) be served with a 4.
I (or the entity on whose behalf I am aclawsuit or to the jurisdiction or venue of the cousummons or in the service of the summons.	ting) will retain all defenses or objections to the rt except for objections based on a defect in the
I understand that a judgment may be en am acting) if an answer or motion under Rule 1. January 18, 2007, or within 90 days after that d States.	ntered against me (or the party on whose behalf I 2 is not served upon you within 60 days after ate if the request was sent outside the United
February 16, 2007	(SIGNATURE) Loren G. Helmreich
	Printed/Typed Name: Loren G. Helmreich ASofDril-Quip, Inc.

Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain parties to cooperate in saving unnecessary costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant located in the United States who after being notified of an action and asked by a plaintiff located in the United States to waive service of a summons, fails to do so will be required to bear cost of such service unless good cause shown for its failure to sign and return the waiver. It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded, or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or over its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons) and may later object to the jurisdiction of the court or to

The place where the action has been prought.

A defendant who valves service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff), a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against that defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons had been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.